IN THE CLAIMS:

Page 18, line 1:

CLAIMS WHAT IS CLAIMED IS:

The following is a complete listing of claims in this application.

Claims 1-13 (canceled).

14. (new) A plate for use in wet offset printing, comprising at a surface thereof ink-accepting surfaces corresponding to patterns to be printed, at least part of said ink-accepting surfaces being lightened, including thereby small non ink-accepting lightening surfaces,

wherein over at least part of said lightened inkaccepting surfaces, said small non ink-accepting lightening surfaces are distributed in at least two groups, comprising:

a first group of small non ink-accepting surfaces with an area sufficient to be effective *per se* and in a quantity sufficient to lighten the ink-accepting surfaces involved in lightening by at least 4%; and

a second group of small non ink-accepting surfaces, with an area insufficient to be effective *per se* because, said small non ink-accepting surfaces of said second group having a mean area, in general, of less than 2/3 of the mean area of said small non ink-accepting surfaces of said first group,

said small non ink-accepting surfaces of said first and second groups being distributed so as to minimize, and advantageously avoid, any moiré effects.

- 15. (new) The plate according to claim 14, wherein said small non ink-accepting surfaces of said first group and/or said second group are distributed in a random manner or in conventional screens and, for each color, in an orientation employed for the screen for said color.
- 16. (new) The plate according to claim 14, wherein when printing patterns with a stochastic screen, the small non ink-

accepting surfaces of said first and second groups distributed in at least one conventional screen are orientated for each color in the orientation normally used for printing the color.

- 17. (new) The plate according to claim 14, wherein the mean area of said small non ink-accepting surfaces of said second group is in the range 1/4 to 2/3 of the mean area of said small non ink-accepting surfaces of said first group.
 - 18. (new) The plate according to claim 14, wherein:

when printing patterns with an amplitude modulation screen, the area of said small non ink-accepting surfaces of said first group remains smaller than a 95% white dot value, of said screen; or

when printing patterns with a stochastic screen, the area of said small non ink-accepting surfaces of said first group is always less than three times the area of the dot of said screen.

- 19. (new) The plate according to claim 14, wherein said small non ink-accepting surfaces of said first group are present in a quantity sufficient to lighten the ink-accepting surface concerned with lightening by 4% to 20%.
- 20. (new) The plate according to claim 14, wherein said small non ink-accepting surfaces of said second group are present in a quantity sufficient to lighten the ink-accepting surface concerned with lightening by 4% to 35%.
- 21. (new) The plate according to claim 14, wherein the percentage lightening of the ink-accepting surfaces is not constant.
- 22. (new) The plate according to claim 14, wherein none of said small non ink-accepting surfaces of said second group is in contact with a small non ink-accepting surface of said first group.
- 23. (new) The plate according to claim 14, wherein each of said small non ink-accepting surfaces of said first and

second groups is inside an ink-accepting surface within which it is present.

- 24. (new) The plate according to claim 14, wherein said small non ink-accepting surfaces of said first group have the same area and/or said small non ink-accepting surfaces of said second group have the same area.
- 25. (new) A process for preparing a plate according to claim 14, comprising copying said plate to generate the ink-accepting surfaces corresponding to the patterns to be printed on the surface of said plate as well as said small non ink-accepting lightening surfaces within said ink-accepting surfaces,

said small non ink-accepting surfaces being copied by a technique for exposing said plate through at least one film and/or a technique for exposing a precursor web of positive pre-sensitized plates through the opaque wall of a tube; and/or by a technique for directly exposing said plate with beams controlled by software; and/or by a projection technique.

26. (new) A wet offset printing process, comprising:
copying a plate, generating ink-accepting surfaces on a
surface of said plate corresponding to the patterns to be
printed and including small non ink-accepting lightening
surfaces;

fixing said copied plate to a plate cylinder;
 wetting, and then inking said fixed copied plate or
inking it directly with an ink based on an ink/water mixture;
and

transferring the ink held on said lightened ink-accepting surfaces onto the blanket, and then onto the substrate to be printed in succession;

wherein the copy of said plate generates a plate according to claim 14.